

## National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians® Emergency Medical Responder Psychomotor Examination

## PATIENT ASSESSMENT/MANAGEMENT - MEDICAL

Date		
Date: Signature:		
Scenario #		
Actual Time Started:	Possible Points	Points Awarded
Takes or verbalizes appropriate body substance isolation precautions	1	
SCENE SIZE-UP		
Determines the scene/situation is safe	1	
Determines the mechanism of injury/nature of illness	1	
Requests additional EMS assistance if necessary	1	
Considers stabilization of the spine	1	
PRIMARY SURVEY/RESUSCITATION	4	
Determines responsiveness/level of consciousness (AVPU)	1	
Determines chief complaint/apparent life-threats	1	
Assesses airway and breathing -Assessment (1 point) -Assures adequate ventilation (1 point) -Initiates appropriate oxygen therapy (1 point)	3	
-Assessment (1 point) -Assures adequate ventilation (1 point) -Initiates appropriate oxygen therapy (1 point)  Assesses circulation		
-Assesses/controls major bleeding (1 point) -Checks pulse (1 point)	3	
-Assesses skin [either skin color, temperature or condition] (1 point)	J	
Identifies patient priority and makes treatment/transport decision	1	
HISTORY TAKING		
History of the present illness		
-Onset (1 point) -Quality (1 point) -Severity (1 point)	0	
-Provocation (1 point) -Radiation (1 point) -Time (1 point)	8	
-Clarifying questions of associated signs and symptoms related to OPQRST (2 points)		
Past medical history		
-Allergies (1 point) -Past pertinent history (1 point) -Events leading to present illness (1 point)	5	
-Medications (1 point) -Last oral intake (1 point)		
SECONDARY ASSESSMENT		
Assesses affected body part/system	_	
-Cardiovascular -Neurological -Integumentary -Reproductive -Pulmonary -Musculoskeletal -GI/GU -Psychological/Social	5	
VITAL SIGNS		
-Blood pressure (1 point) -Pulse (1 point) -Respiratory rate and quality (1 point each)	4	
States field impression of patient	1	
Interventions [verbalizes proper interventions/treatment]	1	
REASSESSMENT	•	
Demonstrates how and when to reassess the patient to determine changes in condition	1	
Provides accurate verbal report to arriving EMS unit	1	
Actual Time Ended: TOTAL	40	
CRITICAL CRITERIA	L	
Failure to initiate or call for transport of the patient within 15 minute time limit		
Failure to take or verbalize appropriate body substance isolation precautions		
Failure to determine scene safety before approaching patient		
Failure to voice and ultimately provide appropriate oxygen therapy		
Failure to assess/provide adequate ventilation Failure to find or appropriately manage problems associated with airway, breathing, hemorrhage or shock		
Failure to find or appropriately manage problems associated with arrway, breathing, hemorrhage or shock Failure to differentiate patient's need for immediate transportation versus continued assessment or treatment at the scene		
Performs secondary examination before assessing and treating threats to airway, breathing and circulation		
Orders a dangerous or inappropriate intervention		
Failure to provide accurate report to arriving EMS unit		
Failure to manage the patient as a competent EMR		
Exhibits unacceptable affect with patient or other personnel		
Uses or orders a dangerous or inappropriate intervention		

You must factually document your rationale for checking any of the above critical items on the reverse side of this form.